Transport and Logistic Activities Business



Agenda

- Thailand Road Transportation Business: Overview
- Thailand Road Transportation Business: Outlook
- Thailand Road Transportation Business: SMEs' competition and business opportunities

Business Research January 2024





Transport and Logistic Activities Business Overview & Outlook





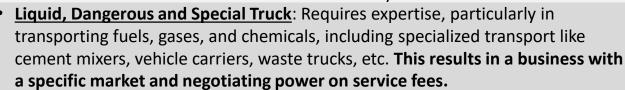
Transport and Logistic Activities Business – Overview

Road transportation services is a business that has an important role in the distribution of products to markets both in local and neighboring countries. Road transportation accounts for about 80% of domestic freight transportation because Thailand has given more importance to road infrastructure development than other forms of transportation, resulting in road distance covering more than 90% of the country's transportation routes. Moreover, due to the nature of road transportation, goods can be delivered as door-to-door transportation and can be connected with other forms of transportation such as water, rail and air to transport goods to the destination receiver.



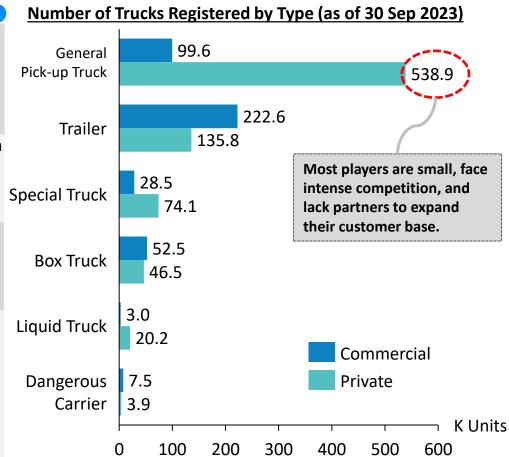


- General Pick-up Truck: General transportation services that are not specific to the type of product, such as the transportation of agricultural products during the harvest season or general transportation in the local area. The business has many operators and is likely to continue to grow, resulting in a group with intense competition.
- <u>Trailer</u>: Transportation of bulk or large cargo, including containerized goods, with revenues largely dependent on growth in the commercial, industrial, and construction sectors. Operators often enter into long-term transportation contracts to reduce the risk of income uncertainty.





Box Truck: It can be split into two different 1) Refrigeration truck with services for moving fresh, chilled, and frozen foods. Transport volume is influenced by demand from specific customer segments and seasonal crops. 2) Trucks are used to transport consumer and miscellaneous goods, often follow regular routes and have established trading partners. Some operators have adapted to partner with parcel express businesses to capitalize on the growth of E-commerce.





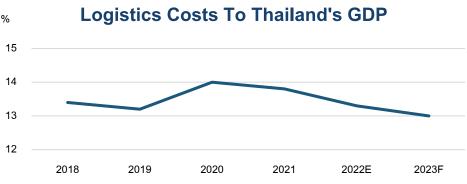


Transport and Logistic Activities Business — Supply Chain



Road Transport

Road Transport is expected to continue to grow in 2023, expanding by around 4-5% per year, supported by growth in manufacturing, trade and government infrastructure investment. In addition, there is a trend towards improvement in the production of agricultural products. Businesses are also benefiting from border and cross-border trade, which continues to grow, including online trade transactions, which have become much more popular. Transport costs, which have fallen since last year, also have a positive effect on overall business in the next period.



Major Players In Road Transport Manufacturers/Suppliers **Brokers** Carriers End User Inhouse Carriers Multinational Corporations Truck Operators (91%) **Demand aggregators** Retail Stores 1. Asset-light 3PL providers Wholesale 2. Freight marketplace Distribution 3. Freight exchange Centers Manufacturing **deliveree** Plants SME Firms International SME Ports for Exports **MAG** GROUP GIZTIX CEV Yusen Logistics

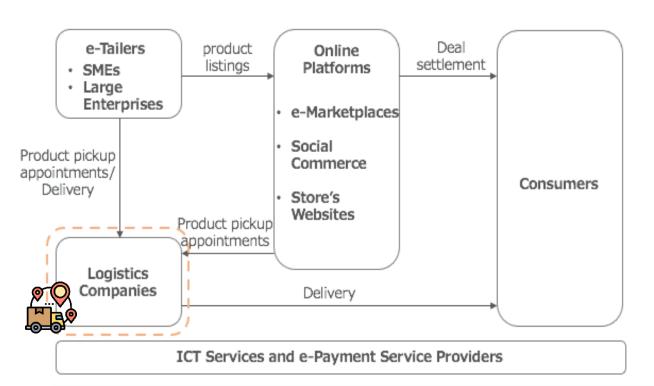


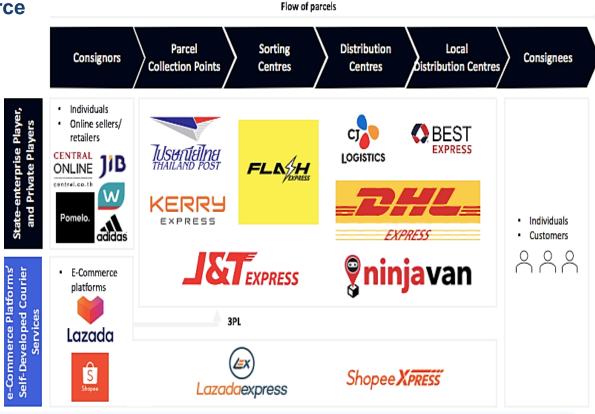
Area of Focus



Transport and Logistic Activities Business - Supply Chain - E-commerce

Road Transport has benefited from the growth of E-commerce





Road transport has benefited from the growth of e-commerce, including the transport of refrigerated or frozen goods. Petroleum products, liquid or gaseous (except natural gas), goods in containers and other products not elsewhere classified, such as the transport of furniture (including removal of furniture), dry bulk goods such as grain, flour, cement, sand, coal, livestock, waste and materials (excluding storage and destruction), concrete and bitumen macadam, motor vehicles, parcels and mail, and other transport of goods by vehicles using human or animal labor.

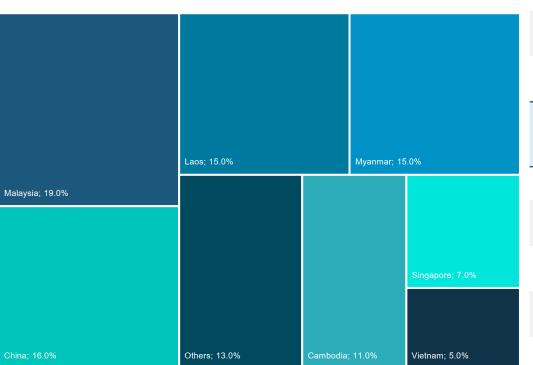




Transport and Logistic Activities Business – Cross Border Trade

Border trade and cross-border trade are expected to continue to grow in 2023, after the situation with the opening of checkpoints has started to improve. The acceleration of checkpoint openings will increase trade and benefit from China's easing of COVID-19 control measures.

Share Of Trade Structure (2022)



Value Of Border Trade By Product (2022)

Order	Malaysia		Order	Myanmar	
	Exports Goods	Imports Goods	Order	Exports Goods	Imports Goods
1	Rubber	Magnetic tape and disc	1	Diesel fuel	Natural gas
2	Computers and equipment	Electrical equipment for processing	2	Other refined oils	Cereals
3	Vehicles and equipment	Plastic pellets	3	Non-alcoholic beverages	Aquatic animals
4	Electrical circuit board	Computer parts	4	Cosmetics and perfumes	Cattle, buffalo, pigs, goats, sheep
5	Vehicle tyres	Industrial machinery	5	Vegetables and garnishing	Vegetables and garnishing
Order	Cambodia			Laos	
	Exports Goods	Imports Goods	Order	Evnanta Caada	Immonto Coodo
	Exports Goods	Imports Goods		Exports Goods	Imports Goods
1	Vehicles and equipment	Vegetables and garnishing	1	Diesel fuel	Other fuels
1 2	·	·	1 2	· ·	·
	Vehicles and equipment	Vegetables and garnishing		Diesel fuel	Other fuels Vegetables and
2	Vehicles and equipment Non-alcoholic beverages	Vegetables and garnishing Aluminum Products	2	Diesel fuel Other refined oils	Other fuels Vegetables and garnishing Installation equipment
3	Vehicles and equipment Non-alcoholic beverages Motorcycles and parts Reciprocating internal	Vegetables and garnishing Aluminum Products Insulated wire and cable	2	Diesel fuel Other refined oils Unmolded gold	Other fuels Vegetables and garnishing Installation equipment and transmitters





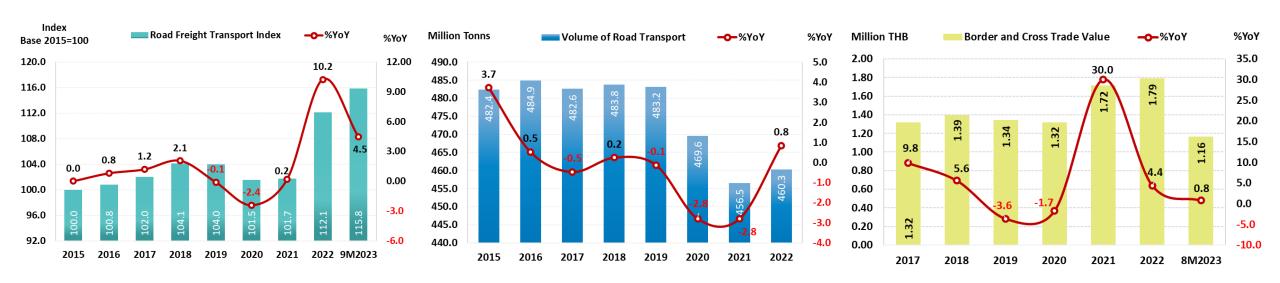
Transport and Logistic Activities Business – Industry Situation

Road transport is on an upward trend, supported by the increasing demand for shipping products from e-commerce businesses and the ongoing expansion of the Thai economy, including the growth of the tourism sector leads to a higher consumption and uses of transportation services. In addition, border and cross trade returned to expand after the easing of the COVID-19 outbreak situation.

Road Freight Transport Index (RFTI)
Classification of Vehicle Types

Volume of Road Transport

Border and Cross Trade Value



Note: Road Transportation business market value is determined by aggregating the total revenue of enterprises listed under TSIC codes 49331, 49332, 49333, 49334, 49339 and 53200.

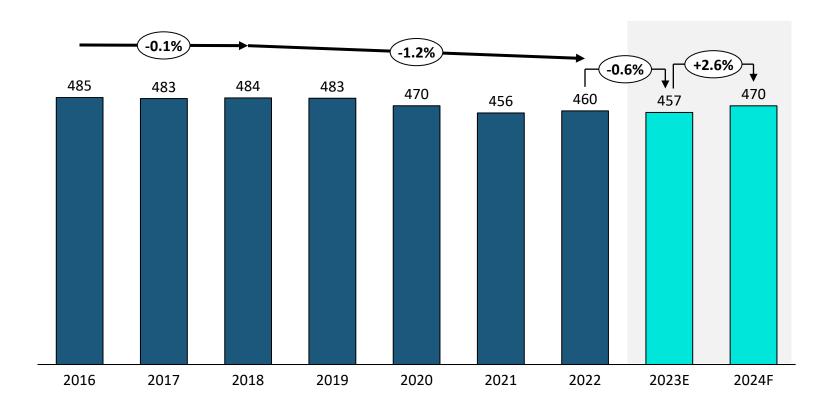




Transport and Logistic Activities Business - Outlook

Thailand's Road Transportations Volume

(Unit: Million Tons)



- Road transportation volume in 2024 is expected to expand at 2.6%YoY, which is recovering by strong domestic consumption and the returning of foreign tourists. There is also positive impact from the government that is fully resuming on spending in mega projects after forming the new government.
- The shipments to China are likely to shift some orders from sea to road for connecting with the Laos-China railway system due to the shortened delivering time, and the Fifth Thai-Laos Friendship Bridge is expected to be completed in 2023.
- However, the agriculture production is expected to decrease due to the super El Niño situation during 2023 – 2024.



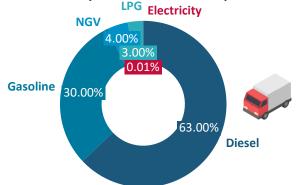


The government is emphasizing the development of infrastructure in order to reduce transport costs and facilitate international trade.

Diesel prices are often capped to control the rising production costs of goods and services.

✓ Diesel had the highest share of use in the land transport sector, accounting for 63% of fuel used in land transport in 2022.

Share of fuel consumption in the land transport sector in 2022



- ✓ The government usually keeps the cap on retail diesel prices at 30 baht per liter to cushion the high cost pass-through to consumers.
- ✓ The previous government had approved a diesel tax cut from February 2022 to July 2023 amid a sharp rise in global crude oil prices.

The current government announces a reduction in the retail price of diesel to 30 baht per liter from 32 baht per liter.

They will reduce the diesel tax by 2 baht per liter from Sep to Dec 2023.

The National Logistics Development Plan in 2023-2027 aims to reduce logistics costs.

Establish a comprehensive network of transport and logistics systems between ports, railways, roads and airports, linking economic areas, important industrial areas and border crossings

- Develop transportation routes between cities and bypass roads
- Speed up the development of the double-track railway project

Develop logistics service centers and improve important border crossings

- ✓ Develop a logistics service center to support being a transport hub in the region
- ✓ Improve customs checkpoints or border crossings with commercial potential

The ultimate goal of the new plan is to reduce national logistics costs from 13.8% of GDP in 2021 to 5% by 2027.

"Seamless logistics (<u>focus on land and maritime</u>)" is one of five strategies in the Master Plan for ASEAN Connectivity 2025.

Strategic Objective:

- 1. Lower supply chain costs in each ASEAN member state
- 2. Improve speed and reliability of supply chains in each ASEAN member state

Initiative:

- Strengthen ASEAN competitiveness through enhanced trade routes and logistics
- Enhance supply chain efficiency through addressing key chokepoints

BOI's Investment Incentives for Logistics Industry

Provide tax exemptions for investment in the following activities

- Mass transit systems, transportation of bulk goods and loading/unloading facilities i.e. Container yards or inland container depots (ICD)
- ✓ Logistics service centers i.e. distribution centers with smart system





Transport and Logistic Activities Business - Supporting factors and challenges



Freight by Containers

Tail Wind

- The manufacturing sector is expected to increase as domestic consumption expands, thanks to the government's economic boost efforts and the return of foreign visitors.
- Demand for transporting construction materials is likely to go up as construction expands, which is expected to benefit from accelerated government investment.
- Border trade is expected to increase after the COVID-19 situation improves, boosted by the RCEP agreement that promotes higher trade volumes between neighboring nations.

Head Wind

- The export sector is likely to bounce back at a slow pace since there's a possibility of the global economy entering a recession due to interest rate hike by central banks worldwide.
- Transportation costs are often high due to the fluctuating global oil prices.
- Competing with cheaper rail transportation following the launch of the China-Lao PDR railway route.



Freight of Petroleum Products, Liquids and Gases

Tail Wind

- Domestic demand for oil and gas is expected to increase in the transportation and domestic sectors, due to measures to stimulate the economy and revive tourism.
- The business has minimal competition due to the need for specialized expertise in the transportation of fuels, gases and chemicals. In addition, with a stable market and long-term contracts, business owners are able to generate a steady stream of profits.

Head Wind

• Oil prices are likely to remain high as OPEC+ continues to cut oil production and the conflict between Russia and Ukraine continues. This will lead to increased business costs.





Transport and Logistic Activities Business – Supporting factors and challenges



Freight by Refrigerator Vehicles

Tail Wind

- Foreign demand for fresh Thai fruit is expected to continue to rise, particularly in the shipment of durian to Chinese markets.
- The sale of chilled and frozen food through online channels is expected to continue growing, partly due to changes in consumer behavior resulting from the COVID-19 outbreak, led consumers to avoid traveling to purchase products.

Head Wind

- El Niño may lead to reduced production of agricultural goods, particularly fruits and vegetables.
- Labor shortage in the fishing and ornamental plant business may decrease demand for refrigerated transport in this group.



General freight by Road

Tail Wind

 The growing demand for consumer goods in the country is receiving a significant boost from the government's economic stimulus package.

Head Wind

- Business is competitive because the market is accessible and most operators are small business owners. It's hard to raise service fees, even though businesses are facing higher costs due to rising oil prices.
- SMEs have difficulty competing in the market because they have a limited customer base or a specific service area, such as focusing on local short-haul or lastmile delivery in areas not covered by large operators. As a result, SMEs profit margins are low.



Parcel Express

Tail Wind

- Continuous growth of the E-Commerce business as consumers shift towards online ordering of products.
- Government economic stimulus measures are expected to increase the domestic purchasing power.
- Consumer trust in online payment and parcel delivery services has a positive impact on the growth of E-Commerce.

Head Wind

- The business has low profitability due to intense competition, and market players choose to use price competition strategies to fight for market share.
- E-commerce may grow more slowly as customer behavior adjusts to normal conditions after the COVID-19 outbreak.





Transport and Logistic Activities Business – Market Overview

In 2022, Thailand's transport and logistic activities market was valued at 705,933.00 Million Baht, with the large firm size accounting for 63.6% of the market share. Furthermore, The most road transport and logistic activities firms operate as services of freight forwarding and customs agent activities.

Share of Market Value by firm size SME with revenue of 50-500 MN THB **SME** 182,537.25 Mn THB 25.9% (1,222 firms) 705,933.00 Million Baht Micro Large 74.173.86 Mn THB 449,221.88 Mn THB 10.5% 63.6% (8,828 firms) (217 firms)

Market Value by firm type

Rank	TSIC	Category	No. of firms	Total Revenue (Million Baht)
1	52292	Freight forwarding and customs agent activities	4,932	244,535.46
2	52291	Logistics activities	1,588	177,058.70
3	49339	Freight by other goods	7,529	148,437.43
4	53200	Courier activities	1,444	46,178.83
5	52109	Other warehousing and storage	694	46,068.04
6	53100	Postal activities	64	20,205.80
7	49332	Freight by Petroleum products	280	11,333.39
8	49334	Freight by Intermodal containers	459	8,424.68
9	49331	Freight by Refrigerator vehicles	291	2,759.52
10	49333	Freight by Other bulk liquids or gases	46	931.14
		Total	17,327	705,933.00

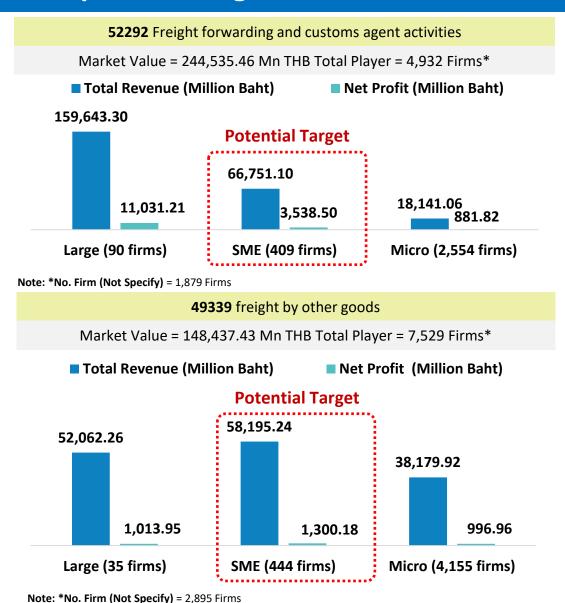
Note: No. Firm (L, SME, Micro) = 10,267 Firms No. Firm (Not Specify) = 7,060 Firms

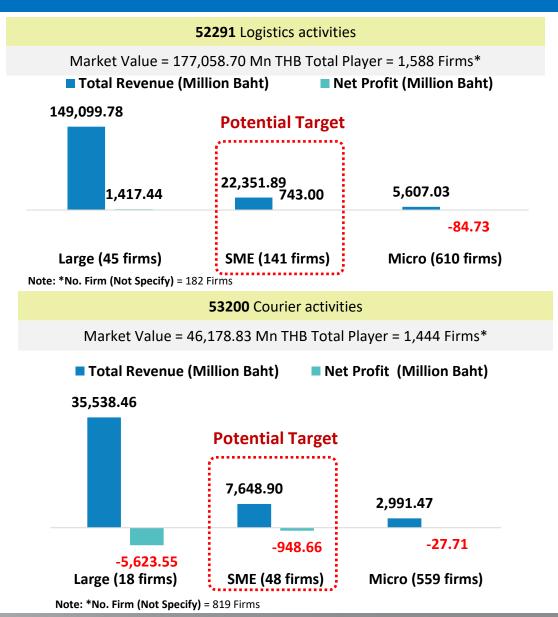
No. Total Firm = 17,327 Firms





Transport and Logistic Activities Business – Key Financial Performance

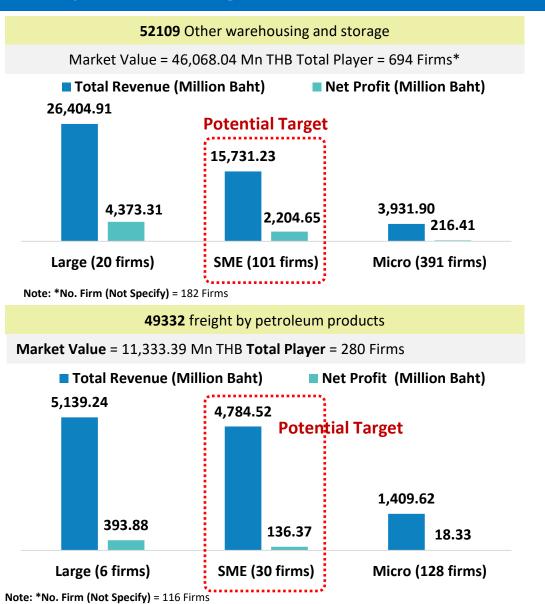


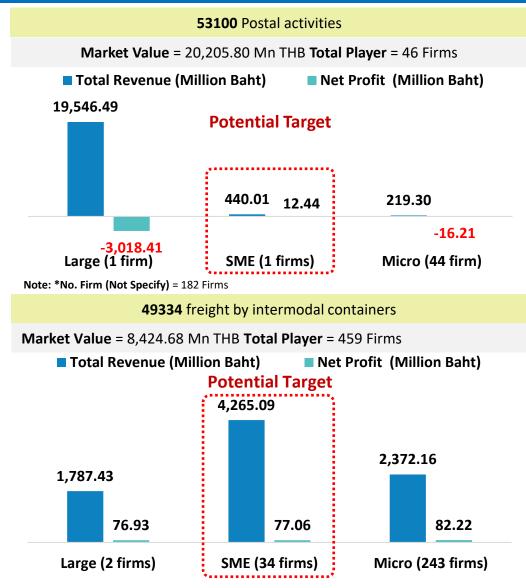


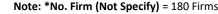




Transport and Logistic Activities Business – Key Financial Performance

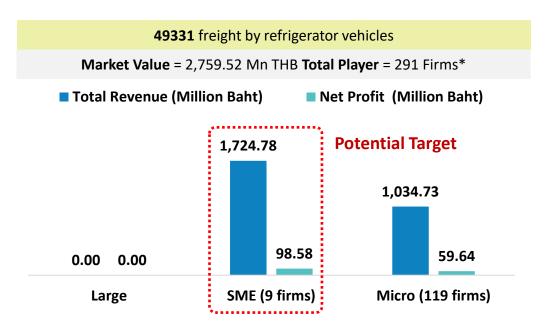




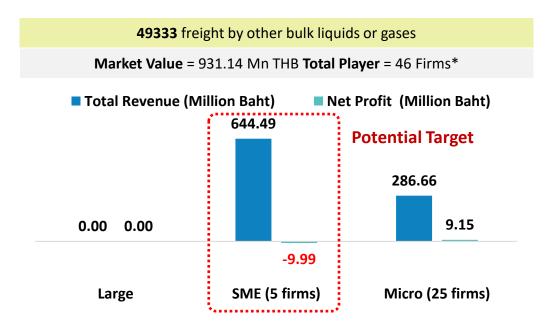




Transport and Logistic Activities Business – Key Financial Performance



Note: *No. Firm (Not Specify) = 163 Firms

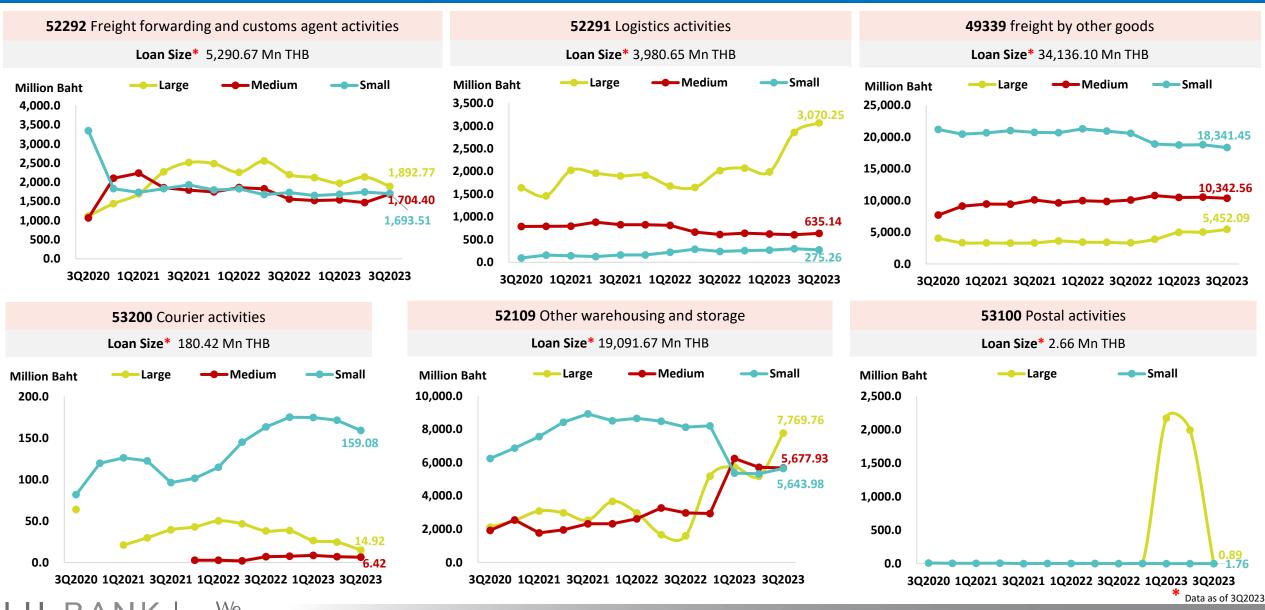


Note: *No. Firm (Not Specify) = 16 Firms





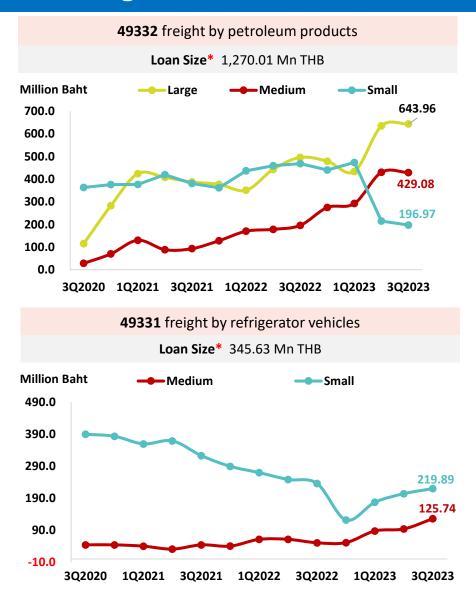
Transport and Logistic Activities Business – Loan Outstanding

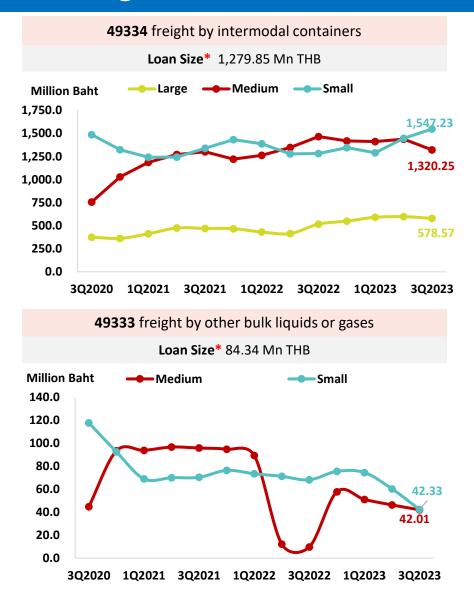




Source: LH Bank Research Analysis based on BOT Database

Transport and Logistic Activities Business – Loan Outstanding









End of Presentation

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